

**Chapter 01: Basic Word Structure**  
**Chabner: The Language of Medicine, 11th Edition**

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**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Gastrectomy:
  - a. Gastric resection
  - b. Intestinal incision
  - c. Tumor of the stomach
  - d. Incision of the stomach
  - e. Resection of the intestine

ANS: A                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

2. Osteitis:
  - a. Incision of a bone
  - b. Removal of a bone
  - c. Incision of a joint
  - d. Inflammation of a joint
  - e. Inflammation of a bone

ANS: E                      REF: p. 4 | p. 11                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

3. Cystoscopy:
  - a. Study of cells
  - b. Visual examination of cells
  - c. Removal of a sac of fluid
  - d. Removal of the urinary bladder
  - e. Visual examination of the urinary bladder

ANS: E                      REF: p. 8                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

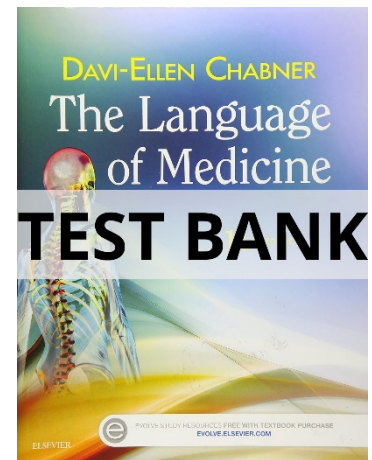
4. Hepatoma:
  - a. Incision of the kidney
  - b. Tumor of the liver
  - c. Blood mass
  - d. Inflammation of the liver
  - e. Red blood cell

ANS: B                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

5. Iatrogenic:
  - a. Pertaining to produced by treatment
  - b. Produced by the mind
  - c. Cancer producing
  - d. Pertaining to producing a tumor
  - e. Cutting into a tumor

ANS: A                      REF: p. 10 | p. 13                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

6. Electroencephalogram:



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- a. Record of electricity in the brain
- b. Record of electricity in the heart
- c. X-ray of the brain
- d. Record of sound waves in the brain
- e. X-ray of the heart and brain

ANS: A                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

7. Diagnosis:

- a. Made after the prognosis
- b. A guess as to the patient's condition
- c. A prediction of the course of treatment
- d. Made on the basis of complete knowledge about the patient's condition
- e. A treatment of the patient

ANS: D                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

8. Cancerous tumor:

- a. Hematoma
- b. Adenoma
- c. Carcinoma
- d. Carcinogenic
- e. Neurotomy

ANS: C                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

9. Microscopic examination of living tissue:

- a. Incision
- b. Pathology
- c. Biopsy
- d. Autopsy
- e. Resection

ANS: C                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

10. Pertaining to the largest part of the brain:

- a. Cerebral
- b. Cephalic
- c. Renal
- d. Cardiac
- e. Neural

ANS: A                      REF: p. 8                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

11. Removal of a gland:

- a. Gastrotomy
- b. Gastric
- c. Hepatic resection
- d. Nephric section
- e. Adenectomy

ANS: E                      REF: p. 7 | p. 13                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

12. Decrease in numbers of red blood cells or hemoglobin within red blood cells:

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- a. Anemia
- b. Erythrocytosis
- c. Thrombocytosis
- d. Leukemia
- e. Leukocytosis

ANS: A                      REF: p. 14                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

13. Pathologist is one who:
- a. Examines x-rays
  - b. Operates on the urinary tract
  - c. Performs autopsies and examines biopsies
  - d. Operates on the kidney
  - e. Treats diseases with chemicals

ANS: C                      REF: p. 11                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

14. Pain in a joint:
- a. Ostealgia
  - b. Arthritis
  - c. Osteoarthritis
  - d. Arthroalgia
  - e. Arthralgia

ANS: E                      REF: p. 7 | p. 13                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

15. Increase in number of malignant white blood cells:
- a. Leukocytosis
  - b. Leukemia
  - c. Erythremia
  - d. Thrombocytosis
  - e. Erythrocytosis

ANS: B                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

16. Instrument to view the eye:
- a. Ophthalmoscopy
  - b. Ophthalmoscope
  - c. Ophthalmology
  - d. Ophthalmoscope
  - e. Ophthalmoscopy

ANS: D                      REF: p. 11                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

17. A platelet:
- a. Hematoma
  - b. Thrombosis
  - c. Leukocyte
  - d. Thrombocyte
  - e. Erythrocyte

ANS: D                      REF: p. 12                      OBJ: Analyze medical terms.

18. Abnormal condition of the mind:

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- a. Psychosis
- b. Psychosis
- c. Psychogenic
- d. Encephalopathy
- e. Adenoma

ANS: B                      REF: p. 12 | p. 14      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

19. Inflammation of the nose:

- a. Arthrosis
- b. Hepatitis
- c. Nephritis
- d. Dermatitis
- e. Rhinitis

ANS: E                      REF: pp. 12-13      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

20. Study of cells:

- a. Pathology
- b. Cytology
- c. Cystology
- d. Dermatology
- e. Hematology

ANS: B                      REF: p. 9 | p. 13      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

21. Pertaining to through the liver:

- a. Subrenal
- b. Transdermal
- c. Transhepatic
- d. Subhepatic
- e. Hepatoma

ANS: C                      REF: p. 10 | p. 15      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

22. Abnormal condition of the kidney:

- a. Neurologic
- b. Neuralgia
- c. Nephrotomy
- d. Neural
- e. Nephrosis

ANS: E                      REF: p. 10 | p. 14      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

23. Incision of a bone:

- a. Sarcoma
- b. Pathogenic
- c. Osteotomy
- d. Ostectomy
- e. Endoscopy

ANS: C                      REF: p. 11 | p. 14      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

24. High level of sugar in the blood:

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- a. Hematoma
- b. Hypodermic
- c. Hypoglycemia
- d. Hyperglycemia
- e. Hypogastric

ANS: D                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Use word parts to build terms.

### **Select the term that is spelled correctly.**

25. Resection of a nerve:

- a. neruotomy
- b. neurectomy
- c. neurotomy

ANS: B                      REF: p. 10 | p. 13                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

26. Pertaining to produced by treatment:

- a. iatrogenic
- b. iatragenic
- c. itarogenic

ANS: A                      REF: p. 10 | p. 13                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

27. Pertaining to the cerebrum:

- a. cerebrol
- b. serebral
- c. cerebral

ANS: C                      REF: p. 8                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

28. Cancerous tumor:

- a. carcinoma
- b. carsinoma
- c. karsinoma

ANS: A                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

29. Collection of blood:

- a. hepatoma
- b. hematoma
- c. hepitoma

ANS: B                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

30. High blood sugar:

- a. hypoglycemia
- b. hyperglycemia
- c. hyperglycemia

ANS: C                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

31. Membrane surrounding the heart:

- a. perycardium

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- b. pericardium
- c. pericardum

ANS: B                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

32. Instrument to examine within:

- a. endoscope
- b. endoskope
- c. endoscopy

ANS: A                      REF: pp. 14-15                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

33. Disease of the intestines:

- a. entrapathy
- b. interopathy
- c. enteropathy

ANS: C                      REF: p. 9 | p. 14                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

34. Inflammation of the urinary bladder:

- a. cytitis
- b. cystitis
- c. sistitis

ANS: B                      REF: p. 8 | p. 13                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

**Select the correct meaning for the following combining forms.**

35. arthr/o:

- a. gland
- b. red
- c. joint

ANS: C                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

36. cyst/o:

- a. urinary bladder
- b. cell
- c. to secrete

ANS: A                      REF: p. 8                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

37. encephal/o:

- a. electricity
- b. brain
- c. cell

ANS: B                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

38. aden/o:

- a. brain
- b. gland
- c. joint

ANS: B                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

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39. cyt/o:  
a. cerebrum  
b. urinary bladder  
c. cell  
ANS: C                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
40. carcin/o:  
a. cancer  
b. to secrete  
c. heart  
ANS: A                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
41. cephal/o:  
a. intestines  
b. head  
c. cell  
ANS: B                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
42. cerebr/o:  
a. cerebrum, largest part of the brain  
b. head  
c. cancer  
ANS: A                      REF: p. 8                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
43. enter/o:  
a. flesh  
b. stomach  
c. intestine, usually small intestine  
ANS: C                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
44. hepat/o:  
a. liver  
b. blood  
c. kidney  
ANS: A                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
45. ped/o:  
a. bone  
b. child  
c. disease  
ANS: B                      REF: p. 11                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.
46. ren/o:  
a. nose  
b. kidney  
c. liver

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ANS: B                      REF: p. 12                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

47. ur/o:  
a. disease  
b. tumor  
c. urine or urinary tract

ANS: C                      REF: p. 12                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

### **Select the correct meaning for the following suffixes.**

48. -gram:  
a. protein  
b. blood condition  
c. record

ANS: C                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

49. -itis:  
a. blood condition  
b. inflammation  
c. excision; removal

ANS: B                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

50. -opsy:  
a. instrument to visually examine  
b. process of viewing  
c. tumor; mass; swelling

ANS: B                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

51. -oma:  
a. tumor; mass; swelling  
b. condition  
c. process of viewing

ANS: A                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

52. -scopy:  
a. excision; removal  
b. instrument to visually examine  
c. process of visual examination

ANS: C                      REF: p. 14                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

53. -logy:  
a. process of study; study of  
b. condition  
c. protein

ANS: A                      REF: p. 13                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

### **Select the correct meaning for the following prefixes.**

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54. hyper-:  
a. deficient; below; under; less than normal  
b. surrounding; around  
c. excessive; above; more than normal  
ANS: C                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

55. peri-:  
a. before; forward  
b. surrounding; around  
c. across; through  
ANS: B                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

56. epi-:  
a. into; in  
b. outside of; outward  
c. above; upon  
ANS: C                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

57. trans-:  
a. across; through  
b. surrounding; around  
c. before; forward  
ANS: A                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

58. hypo-:  
a. surrounding; around  
b. deficient; below; under; less than normal  
c. excessive; above; more than normal  
ANS: B                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

59. dia-:  
a. through; complete  
b. self; own  
c. behind  
ANS: A                      REF: p. 15                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

**Select the correct combining form for the following terms.**

60. Heart:  
a. carcin/o  
b. cardi/o  
c. crin/o  
ANS: B                      REF: p. 7                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

61. Skin:  
a. derm/o  
b. erythr/o

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c. sarc/o

ANS: A                      REF: p. 9                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

62. Sugar:  
a. gnos/o  
b. leuk/o  
c. glyc/o

ANS: C                      REF: p. 10                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

63. X-rays:  
a. radi/o  
b. path/o  
c. onc/o

ANS: A                      REF: p. 12                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

64. Flesh:  
a. derm/o  
b. rhin/o  
c. sarc/o

ANS: C                      REF: p. 12                      OBJ: Learn basic word parts.

**Choose the accented syllable in the following terms (for example: anemia = ne, diagnosis = no, endocrine = en).**

65. Arthrotomy:  
a. arth  
b. ro  
c. to  
d. my

ANS: B                      REF: p. 7 | p. 14                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

66. Cystoscopy:  
a. cys  
b. tos  
c. co  
d. py

ANS: B                      REF: p. 27                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

67. Gastrectomy:  
a. gas  
b. trec  
c. to  
d. my

ANS: B                      REF: p. 28                      OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

68. Endocrinology:  
a. endo